

.. INSTRUCTIONS

Congratulations on your choice of the Zenza Bronica SQ single lens reflex camera which has been developed to give you high quality performance, simple handling convenience and extremely useful versatility, such as required for professional photography.

The Zenza Bronica SQ has been designed to take full advantage of the square 6cm x 6cm medium format and has been developed as a complete modular "system" camera, with a very high degree of interchangeability in lenses, finders, focusing screens, film backs, etc.

To obtain best results from your camera, may we suggest that you read this instruction manual carefully, before you even touch the camera. Thoroughly familiarize yourself with its working parts, before loading your first roll of film, and your pleasure in using the Zenza Bronica SQ will be even greater.

NOTICE

Although the instructions following are based on the use of the Waist-Level Finder S, the choice of finders is left to the discretion of the photographer.

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Specifications of the ZENZA BRONICA SQ

Type 6cm x 6cm format lens shutter single lens reflex camera, with interchangeable lens, film

back, finder and focusing screen systems.

Frame size 55.6mm, x 55.6mm

Film 120 roll film (12 exposures) and 220 roll film (24 exposures), with exclusive film backs.

Standard lens Zenzanon-S 80mm F2.8 lens; interchangeable type; 6 elements in 4 groups; multi-layer anti-

reflection coated; 51° angle of view; F22 minimum aperture; helical focusing from infinity

to 80cm.

Filter size 67mm diameter on 50mm to 250mm lens; 82mm diameter on 40mm lens; and 95mm diam-

eter on 500mm lens.

Lens mount Exclusive four-claw Bronica SQ bayonet mount.

Focusing Helical focusing system built into each lens; angle of rotation 171° for standard lens.

Lens diaphragm Fully automatic instant reopening lens diaphragm action; equal-distant aperture scale

graduations; depth of field previewing.

Shutter Electronic control SEIKO #0 between-lens leaf shutter; shutter speeds 8 sec. to 1/500 sec.,

without intermediate settings, plus T (time exposure); mechanical control 1/500 second.

Multiple exposure

Multiple exposure possible with lever on camera body.

Film back Daylight loading interchangeable type; exclusive backs for 120 (12 exposures) and 220

(24 exposures) roll films (supplied with Film Back SQ 120); with ASA film speed dial

coupling to CdS MF Finder S and CdS MM Finder S, when attached.

Finder Interchangeable finder system (no finder specified as standard type).

Focusing screen Interchangeable type. Standard type, supplied with camera, has split-image rangefinder

spot surrounded by microprism ring and full-area matte screen. Optional types are (1) central matte spot, (2) full-area matte with grid-lines, (3) microprism spot and (4) split-

image rangefinder spot.

Flash synchronization X-setting (up to 1/500 sec.)

Battery checking Red-colored LED lights up at front end of finder, outside screen area, when battery check

button is depressed; also doubles as shutter closing signal.

Battery	Single 6-volt silver oxide battery (Eveready No. 544, Malloy PX-28 or 4G13) or alkaline-
	manganese battery (SR44).
Dimensions	92mm wide x 109mm high x 179mm long, with standard lens and waist-level finder
	attached.
Weight	1,500 grams (with standard lens and waist-level finder)
	900 grams
	130 grams
	470 grams

The specifications are subject to change with or without prior notice.

Parts of the ZENZA BRONICA SQ





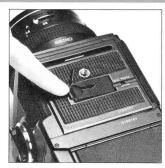


The electronically-controlled shutter will not work without loading the battery.

The shutter will be mechanically controlled when the battery is not loaded and will be released at 1/500 sec., regardless of the setting on the shutter speed dial.

Use one 6 volt silver oxide battery or alkaline-manganese battery.

* The battery may be obtained at any photographic equipment or electrical appliance shop.



A. Depress the battery chamber button with your finger and, at the same time, move the battery chamber cover in the arrow-indicated direction. The cover will come off easily.



B. Coincide the plus (+) and minus (-) marks on the battery with similar polarity indications in the battery chamber. Then, push in the battery.

Insert the battery chamber cover into the BATTERY end first and then move the cover in the other direction (opposite to the arrow indication) until it locks.

* The shutter will be mechanically-controlled (at 1/500 sec.) when the battery is loaded with polarity marks reversed.

2 Battery Checking



If a red-colored LED battery check lamp lights up outside the focusing screen area (central front of finder), when the battery check lamp is pressed, the battery is loaded properly and there is sufficient power for operations.

- * If the lamp does not light up,
- (1) the battery is not loaded properly or (2) the battery is completely drained and should be exchanged.

3 Film Loading



A. To open the back cover, squeeze the left and right back cover release buttons, in the arrow-indicated directions, at the same time and the back cover will open.

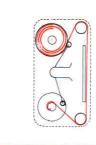
The film back attached to the camera body is the Film Back SQ 120 which is exclusively for 120 roll film. To use 220 roll film, an exclusive Film Back SQ 220 must be purchased, although operations will be the same.



B. The film holder can be taken out for film loading, upon opening the back cover.



- C. There are two spool holders on the film holder. The top one is for the fresh film spool while the bottom one is for the empty take-up spool. The left-side shafts of both spool holders can be opened outwards, as il-lustrated. Therefore, insert the right end of the spool on to the right-side shaft, which is fixed, and then close the left-side holder (shaft) which will engage the spool.
- * The spool holders on the left side will be locked securely, when the back cover is closed.



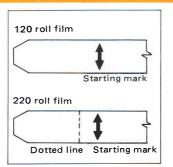
- D. After loading the fresh film spool properly, draw out the leading end of the film and turn it across the film pressure plate (as illustrated). Run it down and turn it over to the take-up spool. Insert the leading end into the slit of the take-up spool and wind slightly until securely engaged.
- * The inside black surface of the leader must face out when running across the pressure plate, in this case.



- E. Rotate the manual film winder on the right side of the film holder in the arrow-indicated direction. When the starting point, or arrow mark, on the leader is aligned with the triangular * start-mark on the top left side of the film holder, stop rotation.
- * When loading 220 roll film in the Film Back SQ 220, do not mistake the dotted line before the arrow mark for the start-mark.



F. The starting point, or arrow mark, can also be aligned with the start-mark, with the film holder loaded in the film back. Simply rotate the film winding crank on the camera body, in this case. This method is preferred since there will be coupling with the camera body mechanism, from the beginning.



* If the film is not advanced when the film winding crank is rotated, the film holder is not inserted properly and/or the camera body may be set for multiple exposures. In the latter case, return the multiple exposure lever to an upright or vertical position.

See "18. Multiple Exposures" on page 25.



G. Close the back cover, by pressing it firmly against the base of the film back, as illustrated. The back cover will automatically lock and close.

The same operation will close the back cover when the film back is detached from the body.



H. Upon loading the film, rotate the film winding crank until it stops to place the first frame into place for taking the picture. The exposure counter will also change from "S" to "1", while the shutter will also be cocked.



When the film back is detached from the camera body for film loading, the manual film winder is used for advancing the film. The film will stop when it is in place for the first exposure, with the exposure counter also changing to "1". However, it will be possible to rotate the manual film winder and, therefore, it should be rotated 2 or 3 times more, in order to take up any slack in the loaded film.

A. After the 12th exposure of the 120 roll film (24th exposure of the 220 roll film), the film winding crank will turn freely with further rotations. Therefore, continue rotating the film winding crank until the remaining film and all the leader paper is wound up on the take-up spool.

Open the back cover when winding action becomes very light.



B. Remove the film holder and, while preventing the loose film from unwinding, take out the take-up spool. Seal the exposed film and return it to its original box until development.

* Load and unload film away from direct sunlight and/or strong illumination.

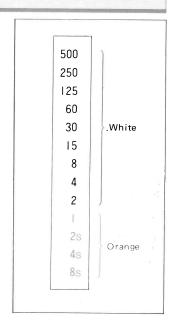
* Use 120 roll film with Film Back SQ 120 and 220 roll film with Film Back SQ 220.

5 Setting the Shutter Speed Dial



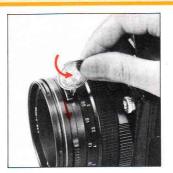
A. The shutter speed scale is viewed in its window over the shutter speed dial. The numbers on the scale are shutter speed settings, with numbers 1 to 8S full numbers and numbers 2 to 500 fractions of a second. For example, "8S" is 8 sec., "2S" is 2 sec. and "500" is 1/500 sec. * The shutter is released at 1/500 sec., regardless of the setting when the battery is not loaded or is completely drained.

B. The numbers on the scale are color-coded in orange and white. Orange-colored numbers are full number settings of 1 second and longer while white-colored numbers are settings from 1/2 to 1/500 second. There is no B (bulb) setting. See the following page for time (T) exposures. Shutter speed settings can be changed before or after shutter cocking.



6 Time (T) Exposure

A. Time exposures are made with the time exposure lever on the lens, regardless of the setting on the shutter speed scale. However, the lever is locked to prevent accidental movement and must be unlocked for use. Unscrew the setscrew on the time exposure lever until further revolution is not possible, which will permit the lever to be moved freely.



B. Next, cock the shutter with the film winding crank and then shift the time exposure lever to the left (looking from the body towards the lens) which will expose a red-colored "T" on the barrel. The shutter will stay open when the shutter release button is depressed in this condition.

The shutter is closed by shifting the time exposure lever in the opposite direction and exposing the letter "A" once more.

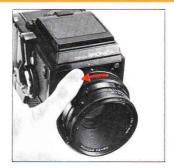


* Except for time exposures, always shift the time exposure lever so that "A" is visible on the lens barrel and keep it locked with the setscrew to prevent accidental movement.

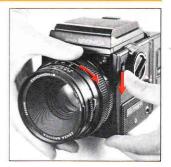
7 Exchanging Lenses

A. The lens cannot be attached or detached unless the shutter is cocked.

Therefore, first, rotate the film winding crank and cock the lens shutter.



To attach the lens to the body, next, align the orange dots on the lens and body and then insert the lens fully into its mount. Rotate in the counterclockwise direction until it stops, with an audible click, which will indicate that it is securely locked.



B. To detach the lens, the film winding crank must also be rotated to cock the lens shutter first. Then, press the lens release button down and, at the same time, rotate the lens in the clockwise direction until it makes a full stop, at which point it will be possible to detach the lens.

R Waist-Level Finder and Interchanging Magnifiers



A. The focusing hood of the waist-level finder is opened by pushing up on the focusing hood catch at the rear end of the folded waist-level finder.

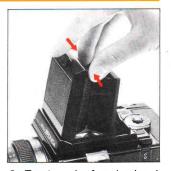
* There is no standard finder for the Bronica SQ, with the user having a choice of several finders. Instructions are based on the waist-level finder because of its popularity.



B. The magnifier is flipped into viewing position, by simply sliding the release lever in the arrow-indicated direction.

To store the magnifier, simply push it down until it catches.

The magnifier can be exchanged for one matching the eyesight of the user.



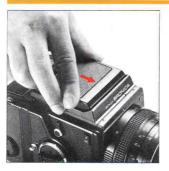
C. To close the focusing hood, first, push down the magnifier (if it is in viewing position). Next, press in both side frames, as illustrated, and, at the same time, press the front frame back towards the rear. The focusing hood will automatically he folded down.

D. The standard magnifier supplied with the waist-level finder has a power of -1.50 diopters, which can be exchanged for others with powers of +1.50, +0.50, -0.50, -2.50, -3.50 and -4.50 diopters. These optional accessories should be purchased to suit the user's eyesight, if necessary.

Simply rotate the magnifier frame in the counter-clockwise direction to unscrew.

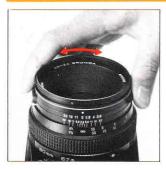
Attach in the reverse manner.

9 Interchanging Finders



A. The finder can be interchanged, with other optional finders, to match shooting conditions to photographic conditions. To attach the finder, align the front end of the finder with the front end of the finder frame on top of the camera body, as shown. Then, gently lower the finder and, when well-seated, slide forward until it locks.

* Although instructions are based on the waist-level finder, it is not necessarily the finder that is supplied. B. To detach, simply depress the finder release button, while, at the same time, sliding the finder backwards where it can be taken up.



A. The aperture ring is rotated. in either direction, to set the required f/number opposite the white index dot. The aperture ring click-stops at the numbered settings. Intermediate settings are also possible.

Intermediate settings cannot be used when the CdS MF Finder S and CdS MM Finder S are used.



B. All interchangeable lenses for the Zenza Bronica SQ have fully automatic lens diaphragms which means that the focusing screen is always viewed at the full aperture, with the brightest possible image. However, depressing the depth of field preview lever will stop the lens diaphragm down to the pre-selected lens opening and permit the photographer to check the depth of field effect on the focusing screen.

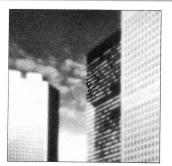
* The aperture ring must not be adjusted while the depth of field preview lever is being de pressed.

If exposure measurements are taken with the depth of field preview lever depressed, when using either CdS MF Finder S or CdS MM Finder S, the shutter speed setting indicated will cause over-exposure. This is because proper exposures are obtained with exposure measurements made at the full aperture.

11 Focusing Adjustments



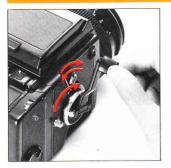
A. The lens is focused on the subject, by rotating the focusing ring in either direction, while checking the effect on the microprism / split-image range-finder spot in the center of the focusing screen (standard type).



B. The central split-image spot splits the image into two, with the upper and lower halves separated horizontally when the lens is out of focus. When in focus. however, the two halves will coincide with the displacement disappearing. The microprism ring surrounding the central spot can also be used for checking the sharpness of the focused image, since the image will glitter when the lens is not focused. The surrounding full-area matte surface can also be used for checking image sharpness.



Film Advance and Shutter Cocking



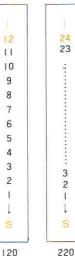
Rotating the film winding crank completely one time, in the forward direction, will advance the film one frame and, at the same time, cock the shutter, with the winding action stopping automatically. On the other hand, short, rapid strokes, up to an accumulated full rotation, will also do the job.

13 Exposure Counter



The exposure counter shows the number of frames exposed or, in other words, is an additive type. Starting from "S", the counter on Film Back SQ 120 shows numbers from 1 to 12, while Film Back SQ 220 shows numbers from 1 to 24.

The letters "S", "12" and "24" are orange-colored while all other numbers are white.



220

14 Shutter Release Button



A. Depress the shutter release button with the ball of the finger. Use a smooth, gentle action and press all the way in, without using strength or jerking.

A red-colored LED will light up in the front central area of the finder and will indicate that the shutter has closed, in this case. The signal is specially valuable when using slow shutter speeds, as it indicates completion of the exposure.



B. Safety Lock

The shutter release button can be locked to prevent accidental operations. Simply rotate the locking ring 60° clockwise which will place a red dot on the side.

The cable release socket will also be locked, in this case.

To release the safety lock, rotate the locking ring counterclockwise and place the red dot diagonally lower.

The shutter cannot be released. in the following cases:-

- 1 Shutter release button is locked.
- Dark slide is inserted.
- 3. Film winding crank has not been rotated fully. (Same when the exposure counter is still between "S" and "1".)
- 4. Shutter is not cocked.
- 5. Lens is not properly attached (Same with extension tubes and bellows)
- 6. Lens release button is being depressed.
- 7. All frames (12 on 120 roll film and 24 on 220 roll film) have been exposed already.
- * If film winding crank is rotated while depressing shutter release button, the shutter will be released when the winding action is completed.
- * A cable release or self-timer can be used with the cable release socket on the body.



A. Distance scales on the Zenzanon-S lenses can be used for focusing at the required distance or finding the distance actually focused. Simply rotate the focusing ring and set the required distance opposite the orangecolored index, which will adjust the lens for the required distance.

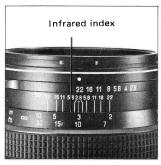


B. There is an apparent zone of sharpness, both in front and back of the focused subject, which is known as the depth of field. The depth of field scale shows the zone of apparent sharpness at any lens opening or distance and can be utilized for quickly and simply ascertaining the depth of field. The depth of field scale is next to the distance scales and is made up of identical pairs of apertures on both sides of the orange-colored distance index. These identical pairs of apertures indicate the distance that will be in focus at

these lens openings. For example, if the 80mm lens is focused at a distance of 3m, it can be seen from the depth of field scale that the zone will extend from 2 to 7 meters (6 ft. to 23 ft.), when a lens opening of F22 is used.

See the depth of field table for the Zenzanon-S 80mm lens. on page 35.

16 Infrared Photography



In infrared photography, some adjustment must be made in the focus in order to retain sharpness on the film, because the invisible infrared rays are longer in wave length than the visible rays used for focusing. For infrared photography—

- Use a R filter or equivalent with an infrared (black-andwhite) film.
- The red-colored line, next to the orange-colored distance index, is the infrared index.
- After focusing in the normal manner, re-set the distance indicated by the orangecolored distance index to the infrared index, by shifting the distance ring.

4. Follow instructions enclosed with the infrared film and filter and, to be on the safe side, make several bracketing shots. In general, more exposure rather than less seems to be a safe guide.

17 Flash Photography



A. Always use flash cords with a standard PC type plug. When detaching the flash cord, grip the plug firmly and pull it out straight, instead of using a twisting action.

B. The lens shutter of the Zenzanon-S lens has a X-setting for flash synchronization, which means that electronic flash units will synchronize at all shutter speed settings, up to the fastest 1/500 second.

This means, of course, that flash fill-in for daylight shots can also be made very easily.

18 Multiple Exposures



A. To make multiple exposures, rotate the film winding crank (to advance the film and cock the shutter) and then turn the multiple exposure lever in the clockwise or arrow-indicated direction, which will expose a red mark. When set in this manner, the shutter can be released and cocked any number of times, without advancing the film.



B. Upon taking the multipleexposed picture, be sure to return the multiple exposure lever back to its vertical position and cover the red mark. Otherwise, there will be additional multiple exposures on the same frame.

19 Attachment and Removal of Film Backs

The film back is a film chamber that can be attached or detached freely, thus permitting free exchange of film types even during shooting sessions.

The camera body and film back are fully coupled, upon connection. Therefore, always turn the film winding crank completely one time, upon attaching the film back, If winding is not possible, all preparations for taking the picutre have been completed. But, if winding is possible, rotating the film winding crank until it stops will automatically take care of the incompleted action, whether uncocked shutter or film not advanced. Thus, it's always possible to choose the film type most suited for the shot, even midway in the roll.

A film speed dial is available on the film backs and can be used for setting the film speed of the film loaded in the film back, which will, furthermore, automatically couple when the CdS MF Finder S or CdS MM Finder S is attached to the camera body. This should be very convenient when using films of different sensitivities in various film back.



A. To remove the film back from the camera body, insert the dark slide into the dark slide slit, as illustrated, with the ⊙ mark on the dark slide at the top end. Push it all the way in.



- B. Depress the film back release button and the lower end of the film back can be removed, as illustrated. Simply shift the film back up slightly and pull it away.
- * The dark slide can be withdrawn, even while the film back is detached from the camera body and, therefore, extra care is required, in this respect.



C. To attach the film back to the camera body, simply insert the latches at the upper end of the film back into the attachment openings at the upper end of the camera body. Then, press the lower end of the film back against the body until it locks securely.

* The dark slide must be withdrawn from its slit, upon attachment of the film back to the body, as otherwise the shutter cannot be released. Furthermore, there is danger of the film back accidentally becoming detached from the body, should the dark slide be left in its slit while the camera is being carried. Therefore, make it a rule to withdraw the dark slide promptly upon attaching the film back to the body.



A. The film back consists of a film holder and a film back frame, with exclusive film backs available for 120 and 220 roll films.

The film holder has an insert or frame for loading film, as well as a built-in film winding mechanism.



B The film back frame has a hase with a dark slide slit and a back cover with an ASA film dial and a film type indicator frame. The film back frame complete-Iv encloses the film holder and shields it from outside light, as well as connecting it to the camera body and also coupling with the CdS MF Finder S or CdS MM Finder S.



To set the film sensitivity of the film loaded in the film back, revolve the ASA film speed dial with a slight lifting action, as illustrated, and set the film speed scale to the index. There are click-stops at 1/3rd increments. in this case. (The dial can be revolved in either direction.)

The ASA film speed dial is automatically coupled to CdS ME Finder S or CdS MM Finder S, when attached.

22 Interchanging Focusing Screens



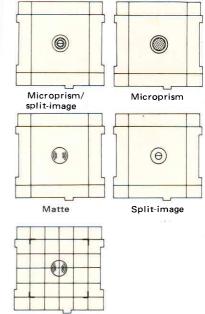
A. The focusing screen can be exchanged, depending on the type of photographic work being undertaken.

First, remove the finder attached to the camera body. Then, move the screen removal levers on both sides in the arrow-indicated directions, as illustrated. Then, using a pincer or similar tool, lift up the screen with the protrusion at the rear end.



B. To install the focusing screen, nest the protrusion at the rear end of the screen in a corresponding groove on the camera body. Then, slide both screen removal levers forward to secure the focusing screen.

* Five types of focusing screens are available for the Zenza Bronica SQ.



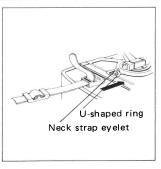
Grid-lines

Film Type Indicator Frame

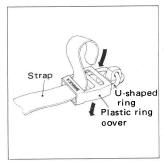


Upon loading the film, tear off the end flap from the empty film package and insert it in the film type indicator frame. This will help you keep track of the film loaded in the film back, even when two or more film backs are used with different films. At the same time, set the film speed with the ASA film speed dial, as it will come in handy when using either the CdS MF Finder S or CdS MM Finder S.

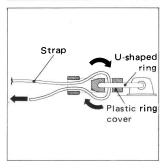
24 Attachment of the Neck Strap



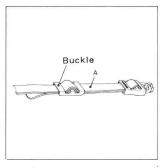
A. First, insert the U-shaped ring into the neck strap eyelet, as illustrated.



B. Next, place the plastic ring cover over the U-shaped ring, as illustrated.



C. Next, thread the neck strap through the plastic ring cover (and the U-shaped ring) and pull it out, as illustrated.



D. After adjusting the length of the neck strap, pass the leading end of the strap through the buckle, as illustrated, which will fix it securely.

* There should be no slack in the strap between the buckle and the plastic ring cover, or in "A" section, which means that both straps must be of the same length at this point.

25 Facts about the Battery

The battery supplies power for the various electronic control mechanisms incorporated in the Zenza Bronica SQ. When used incorrectly, there is possibility of the wrong exposure being set to the camera and/or the camera not operating.

Be sure to use and store the battery correctly for obtaining optimum performance from it at all times.

- * Take the battery out of the battery chamber when storing the camera.
- * Leaving the battery in the camera for a long time, without using it, can lead to leakage problems and result in poor contact.

Discard a battery with leakage or corrosion and thoroughly clean out the battery chamber, before inserting a new battery.

* Clean the contacts of the battery chamber and battery with a soft cloth. Don't use sandpaper or emery cloth.

- * Don't throw the battery into a fire, or hit it strongly, as there is danger of explosion.
- * Either a silver oxide battery (No. 544/PX28) or an alkalinebatterv (A544/ manganese SR44) is used with the Zenza Bronica SQ. Both have very good cold weather resistance. However, there is a tendency for performance to drop when the temperature falls below 0°C (32°F). Therefore, make it a rule to use a new battery and/or keep replacement batteries on hand for shooting outdoors in freezing weather. Keep the battery (and camera) under cover, next to the body, and load just before beginning the session and/or, preferably, use the optional Remote Camera Battery Pack S.

26 Pointers on Shooting

- * The shutter cannot be cocked when film is not loaded in the film back. The use of the multiple exposure lever will, however, permit you to cock the shutter, in such instances. This feature is, of course, very convenient for familializing yourself with the camera and for testing the shutter in flash photography. (See "18. Multiple Exposures".)
- * Battery power is not consumed when time exposures are made.
- * The voltage will drop when the camera is used for long shooting sessions in freezing weather. Insert a new battery or keep a spare on hand, for such occasions. Furthermore, keep such batteries in an inside pocket.

- * The focusing screen is detachable, for exchanging with other types. Do not place trimming masks or tapes on the bottom surface of the screen, as this will lead to inaccurate focusing.
- * A red LED will flash above the focusing screen area and signal closing of the shutter when taking the picture. Wait for this signal, especially at slow shutter speeds, before rotating the film winding crank.
- * It should be remembered, when taking pictures, that the final print will not be a square format, especially in the economy size, but will be cut down on both sides or at the top and bottom.

27 Care of the ZENZA BRONICA SQ

- * Restrict cleaning of the reflex mirror to blowing or brushing with the blower brush or a soft camel hair brush. Don't touch the surface with your fingers or a cloth.
- * Use lens cleaning tissue and liquid to clean the surface of the lens. Do not use siliconcoated cloth for this purpose, as it will prove detrimental to the lens coating.
- * Clean the plastic focusing screen in the same manner. Don't touch the surface as you may leave fingerprints.
- * Protect your camera from temperature changes which can result in moisture condensation, frost, etc., inside the body, leading to rusting of metallic parts and troubles.
- * Protect your camera from impact and vibrations, too.
- * Upon attaching the film back, always pull out the dark slide from its slit.
- * Always protect the lens with its cover, when carrying the camera.

- * Clean the camera and lens very carefully after using it outdoors in wet weather or at the seashore.
- * Wipe the camera carefully with a well-wrung damp cloth, using fresh water, if the exterior is effected by salty air. Then, wipe it dry with a soft, dry cloth. If necessary, send it out for quick inspection at an authorized repair station.
- * If the equipment is not being used for a long period, store everything in tin-lined containers, with plenty of disiccant, such as silica gel. Finally, store the equipment in a cool, dry and well-ventilated (but not windy) place.
- * Do not thread too strongly, when using a longer-thanstandard tripod screw, as you may damage the body.



* Both camera body and lens must be in the "cocked" condition to attach or remove the lens. In other words, when "cocked" the cocking pin of the lens will be set between the red band and green dot, while the cocking pin of the body mount will be set to the green-colored dot.

When not set in the above manner, the cocking pin of the detached lens can be set by moving it manually, while the cocking pin of the body mount will be set by revolving the film winding crank.

28 Depth of Field Scale

ZENZANON-S 80mm F2.8

Dis- tance	Meter									
F/	∞	10	5	3	2	1.5	1.2	1.0	0.9	0.8
2.8	∞	13.3	5.68	3.22	2.09	1.55	1.23	1.02	0.92	0.81
2.0	39.8	8.03	4.46	2.81	1.92	1.45	1.17	0.98	0.89	0.79
4	∞	15.1	5.99	3.32	2.13	1.57	1.24	1.03	0.92	0.82
4	28.9	7.47	4.29	2.74	1.89	1.44	1.16	0.97	0.88	0.78
5.6	∞	19.3	6.53	3.47	2.19	1.60	1.26	1.04	0.93	0.82
5.6	20.5	6.77	4.06	2.64	1.84	1.41	1.15	0.96	0.87	0.78
8	∞	31.3	7.48	3.72	2.28	1.64	1.29	1.06	0.94	0.83
0	14.5	5.97	3.76	2.52	1.78	1.38	1.13	0.95	0.86	0.77
11	∞	287	9.44	4.13	2.42	1.71	1.33	1.08	0.96	0.85
11	10.3	5.13	3.42	2.36	1.71	1.34	1.10	0.93	0.85	0.76
16	∞	∞	15.0	4.90	2.66	1.82	1.39	1.12	0.99	0.87
16	7.28	4.27	3.02	2.18	1.61	1.28	1.06	0.91	0.83	0.74
22	∞	∞	97.0	6.67	3.08	2.00	1.48	1.18	1.04	0.90
22	5.17	3.46	2.60	1.96	1.49	1.21	1.01	0.87	0.80	0.72

Dis- tance	Feet								
F/	∞	30	15	10	7	5	4	3.5	3 -
0.0	∞	38.7	16.8	10.8	7.35	5.17	4.10	3.57	3.05
2.8	131	24.5	13.5	9.34	6.68	4.84	3.90	3.43	2.95
4	∞	43.5	17.7	11.1	7.49	5.23	4.14	3.60	3.07
4	94.8	22.9	13.0	9.11	6.57	4.79	3.87	3.40	2.93
E 6	∞	53.4	19.1	11.6	7.72	5.34	4.20	3.65	3.10
5.6	67.1	20.9	12.4	8.79	6.41	4.71	3.82	3.36	2.90
8	∞	79.2	21.5	12.4	8.06	5.49	4.29	3.71	3.15
0	47.5	18.6	11.5	8.38	6.19	4.59	3.75	3.31	2.87
11	∞	25.1	26.3	13.8	8.61	5.73	4.43	3.81	3.21
11	33.7	16.1	10.6	7.85	5.91	4.44	3.65	3.24	2.82
16	∞	∞	38.3	16.5	9.53	6.10	4.64	3.96	3.31
16	23.9	13.5	9.41	7.22	5.55	4.25	3.53	3.14	2.75
22	8	8	110	22.7	11.2	6.72	4.97	4.19	3.46
	17.0	11.0	8.16	6.48	5.12	4.01	3.36	3.02	2.65

29 Specifications of Zenzanon-S Lenses



40mm F 4



50mmF 3.5



80mmF 2.8



105mmF 3.5



150mmF 3.5



200mmF4.5



250mmF 5.6



500mmF8

	40mm F4	50mm F3.5	80mm F2.8	105mm F3.5	150mm F3.5	200mm F4.5	250mm F5.6	500mm F8
No. of group-element	8 – 11	8 10	4 – 6	4 – 6	5 – 5	5 – 5	5 – 5	6 – 7
Angle of View	87°	72°	51°	41°	29°30′	22° 30′	18°	9°
Apertures	4 – 22	3.5 – 22	2.8 – 22	3.5 – 22	3.5 – 22	4.5 — 32	5.6 - 32	8 – 45
Minimum focusing distance (M)	0,4 (1.3 ft)	0.5 (1.6 ft)	0.8 (2.6 ft)	0.85 (2.8 ft)	1.5 (4.9 ft)	2 (6.5 ft)	3 (9.8 ft)	8.5 (28 ft)
Filter size (mm)	82	67	67	67	67	67	67	95
Overall length (mm)	65	62	52	60	61	98	129	262
Weight (grams)	620	560	470	550	590	685	815	1,850
Equivalent focal length in 35mm format camera (mm)	21	28	45	58	85	105	135	280

^{*} Tele-Converter S 2X also available as an optional accessory.

BRONICA SQ SYSTEM

